LOCAL MISCELLANY.

THE PLAINTIFF IN THE SUIT OF H. H. BOODY. The suit of Henry H. Boody against William B. Ogden, Samuel J. Tilden, and George M. Bartholomew. ne yesterday before Judge Sedgwick, in Superior Court, Special Term. The substance of Mr. Boody's complaint is as fellows: In March, 1864, he was the New-York agent for the Chicago and North-Western Railway. and William B. Ogden, the President, used his office. The Galena Company was then in part a competing company, and it was considered advisable to get control of it. A pool was made by the plaintiff and defendants buy "up enough stock of the Galena Company control the election. In June, 1864, Mr. Boody ad the laboring oar. Mr. Ogden was to take 6,000 hares, Mr. Tilden 2,000 shares, Mr. Bartholomew 1,000 shares, and Mr. Boody as many shares as might be neceswhich turned out to be 9,450 shares. The pool re sufted successfully. The election was carried and the consolidation made, the Chicago and North-Western Railway Company giving \$3 and a share of preferred and of common stock for each share in the Galena Company. A settlement was made between the partners in the pool, part of the new stock being sold to meet the cost of the stock purchased by the pool, and part being divided among the members of the pool. Mr. Boody says in all this he had little or no pecuniary aid from his lates in the pool. Mr. Bartholomew lent \$60,000 for 30 days at 7 per cent. Mr. Tilden was at one time in to the pool \$60,000, and his average indebtedness debt to the pool \$60,000, and his average indebtedness was \$6,282 12. Mr. Ogden's indebtedness rose at one time to \$164,041 34, and averaged \$12,744 47. There came a panic when the call loans to carry the stock were over \$1,500,000, and Mr. Boody says he had to risk some stock and sacrifice other stock of his own, the expense to him being \$71,551 82. The Galena Ratiroad stock ranged meanwhile from 1227s to 144, and the whole amount which he was carrying then was nearly \$3,000,000.

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When the distribution came, by the carelessness of a obkeeper, he says that a much larger amount than is due the partners in the pool was paid them. There is a change in his books soon after, and he did not discret the error for some time. As soon as it was discovered to the control of the control of

bookkeeper, he says that a much larger amount than was due the partners in the pool was paid them. There was a change in his books soon after, and he did not discover the error for some time. As soon as it was discovered he made a reclamation on them, and they declining to pay, he brought this suit.

Only the planniff's side of the case was presented yesterday in court, though some objections by the defense in the course of the trial showed that one line of defense is that the mistake was not between the plaintiff and defendants, but between the plaintiff and the Chicago and North-Western Railway Company. Dexter A. Hawkins opened the case for the plaintiff briefly, and called Mr. Boody as the first witness.

His testimony was to the effect that he was in 1864 a member of the Executive Committee of the Chicago and North-Western Company, and its banker and agent in this city, while Mr. Ogden was President and director of the company and had the run of his office, the company paying haif his rent. On March 28, 1864, Mr. Ogden suggested a pool to control the Galena Roilroad stock. Mr. Boody continued: "I told him to do so we must keep our own counsel and he must take 6,000 shares, to which he finally assented, but told me to consult Mr. Booth and Mr. Tilden and if they approved to go alread. Mr. Booth and Mr. Tilden and if they approved to go alread. Mr. Booth and Booth and Mr. Booth and Mr. Booth and Booth and Mr. Booth and Mr. Booth and Mr. Booth and Booth and Mr. Booth and Booth and Booth a

#### THE DEAD FENIAN. FUNERAL SERVICES OF COL. JOHN O'MAHONY-THE BODY SENT TO IRELAND.

The funeral exercises of John O'Mahony, the dead Feulan, were conducted yesterday, and the body is now on the way to Ireland on board the Williams & Guion steamer Dakota. The remains, which had lain in state at the 69th Regiment armory for five days, were moved thence at 8:30 a. m. yesterday to the Church of coffin was placed in an open hearse drawn by four black horses, and escorted by a guard of boner from Irish Legion to the church. In order to avoid delay and confusion the escort was small, most of the military and civic organ-izations taking part in the exercises assembling near Madison-square. Before the hour when the funeral cortege reached the church a large throng had gathered vicinity and the edifice itself was uncomfortably crowded. The scene within the church was an impre Upon a catafalque without the chancel rested e coffin, surrounded by claborate designs in flowers, and draped in the 69th regiment flag, with Col. O'Mahony's sword and belt upon it. The chancel and galleries were draped in mourning. The funeral exercises

hony's sword and belt upon it. The chancel and galleries were draped in mourning. The funeral exercises began with a performance upon the organ of Chopin's Funeral March, after which a high requiren mass was celebrated by the Rev. Father Daly, assisted by Fathers Whyte and Platt. Cherubin's Mass was performed by the choir, with Rossini's "inflammatus," and "Angels ever bright and fatr."

The body was carried after the services from the church to Twenty-third-st., through Fifth-ave., accompanied by the military essort. The general procession was in the following order: The 69th Regment, members of the Fenina Bretherhood; the hearse, followed by the pall-bearers and other prominent supporters of the Husa cause, among them William E. Robinson, O'Donovan Rossa, Gen. T. F. Boarke, John Devoe, Franklin Mc-Kean, William P. Foley, Edward Montano, John Dwyer, Thomas O'Loughlin, Thomas Clarke Luby, Patrick Ford, and Robert White; the Irish Legion, the Irish Brigade, the old 1st Regiment, N. G.; Bergen Point Volunteers, Holy Innocents Rifle Corps, Newark Hibermian Rifles, Irish Volunteers, Honor Guard of Brooklyn, deputation from the Shields Rifle Corps of Philadelphia, Clan-ba-Gaiel and various temperance societies. From Twenty-third-st, and Fifth aveithe plaketh was lying in rendiness to sail. Denis Downling Mulcahy, George Smith, and John Barry, who were chosen as a guard of konor to accompany the remains to Ireland, followed the procession in a carrisge, and several representatives of Irish associations in other cities, among them John D. Driscol from Roston and Col. Healy of the 9th Connectical Regiment, were with them. All arong the route of the procession the streets were lined by people. On board the steamship suitable arrangements had been made for the reception of the body, which was deposited in a stateroom, with flowers above and around if. The Irish flag hung beneath the American from the staff at the dock, and an Irish streamer floated from the mainmast of the Dakota.

#### FILTHY AND NEGLECTED STREETS. COMPLAINTS OF DEFECTIVE PAVEMENTS AND UN-

EMPITED ASH BOXES. The sanitary inspectors presented yesterday at the meeting of the Health Board reports in regard to the condition of the pavements and the accumulation of fifth and garbage. These reports showed the streets to be in an unusually filthy condition, especially those in which there are many tenement houses. Several of the inspectors stated that complaints had been made to them ashes and garbage were not removed from the receptacles in front of their dwellings. One inspector stated that some improvement had been made after a complaint to Capt. Gunner. Another inspector stated that the accumulation of garbage in his district was greater than be had noticed at any previous time, and added, "If the streets are not properly cleaned before warm weather sets in, I am convinced that the handling of this decomposing mass will engender considerable majarial disease." Most of the reports recommended that, wherever practicable, refuse matter should not be placed in receptacles on the sidewalks, but should be kept in boxes convenient for handling under the porches kept in boxes convenient for handling under the porches or in the areas of houses. Occupants of tenement houses were recommended to burn refuse matter as far as possible, and to remove ashes at stated times when the cartmen were expected. At the request of President Smith of the Police Board the mortality record was examined, when it appeared that the number of deaths in the city during the past week was 146 less than during any corresponding week of the last five years. Gen. Smith assured the members of the Health Board that the streets would be cleaned of refuse matter before the advent of warm weather. The reports in regard to street pavements were referred to the Board of Public Works, with the request that all defective pavements should be repaired as soon as possible, and the reports on the dirty condition of the streets were referred to the Police Commissioners.

#### DROWNED AFTER ADDEBAUCH.

The fishing-smack Alice, Capt. Cook, arrived et Greenport, L. I., on Saturday night last, and after making her fast to the wharf the captain started for his home, leaving the vessel in charge of two of the crew, Benjamin and John Franklin. The men remained on board until Sunday afternoon, when they determined to go ashore, and hiring a horse and wagon they drove to the village of Southold. While there they fell in with a dissolute young woman residing in the place named Ida Tanker, and remained in her company during the remained of the afternoon. When night cause on the men started to return to Greenport and the woman accompanied them. They spent some little time in the village of Greenport, but finally the three went down to the wharf and on board the smack, where they remained carousing until 5 a. m. on Monday. Both the men and their companion wished to avoid observation, and instead of going directly from the smack to the wharf, as they could have done, they took the boat's yawl, intending to pull ground to the railroad wharf, so that the woman could take the early train for Greenport and reach man could take the early train for Greenport and reach ber home before breakfest. She and Benjamin were the first to cater the boat. When John attempted to step in, but roughly the granwale, and the boat was immediately be graded, throwing the three into the water. Benjamin, capital to gampale, and the boat was immediately be true the boat. When John attempted to step in, but roughly the gampale, and the boat was immediately be true to the same and sending the capital to the received the scenario session. The last case was a complaint and an application for an order, made by Hiram Schuler of Reading, Fenn., which was an application for an order, made by Hiram Schuler of Reading, Fenn., which was an application for an order, made by Hiram Schuler of Reading, Fenn., which was an application for an order, made by Hiram Schuler of Reading, Fenn., against the Point Breese was a complaint and an application for an order, made by Hiram Schuler of Reading, Fenn., against the Point Breese was a complaint and an application for an order, made by Hiram Schuler of Reading, Fenn., against the Fount Breese was a complaint and an application for an order, made by Hiram Schuler of Reading, Fenn., against the Point Breese was a complaint and an application for an order, made by Hiram Schuler of the village of Southold. While there they fell in with a

in reaching the shore in safety. The woman's clothing buoyed her up for a time, and her cries attracted the attention of some men in a schooner near by. She was rescued with great difficulty and taken on shore. Considerable time clapsed, however, before the services of a physician were procured, and as in the mean time nothing was done for her resuscitation, and she had become thoroughly chilled, she died about two hours after being taken from the water. The body of Benjamin was discovered late on Monday afternoon. Coroner Skinner of Greenport held an inquest upon the bodies yesterday morning, and the jury found a verdiet of "accidental death by drowning." In the case of Ida Tinker they further found that she died from neglect, as they believed that had proper measures been adopted when she was first taken from the water her life could have been saved.

POLICE LEGISLATION.

GEN. SMITH DECLARES THAT THE BILL FAVORED BY THE COMMISSIONERS WOULD MAKE A SAVING

ANNUALLY OF \$625,000. In speaking of the numerous attacks made upon the bill providing for the reorganization of the police force in this city, Gen. Smith said yesterday that the criticisms were inspired by motives which he failed to understand. He said that although it was declared that the bill would involve the expenditure of more money by the Police Commissioners than at present, on the contrary its passage would effect a very large saving. Under the existing law, he said, the officers who were superannuated or rendered incapable of duty by long service on the force, and who were unable to perform full patrol duty, were required to be paid the full patrolman's salary of \$1,200 a year. The new measure would grade the 2,260 officers under pay, so that 754 would receive \$1,000, as many more \$600, while the superanmated members would be pensioned on \$500 a year. This would make a total saving of \$626,800, "To talk then," declared Gen. Smith, "of epposing this bill on the ground that it would create a larger annual expenditure is the reverse of the fact, and distorts the truth." Gen. Smith added that he feared the efforts of the enemies of the Police Commission, through their misrepresentations, would prove successful, and the board would find itself compelled for another year to pay at least two-thirds of the force salaries beyond their deserts. A bill which would make good men the equals of bad men, and make a general reduction all round, would be unjust to all efficient policemen, since experienced and capable officers could not be expected to work for less than laborers' wages. service on the force, and who were unable

#### CLAIMS FOR UNPAID INTEREST.

A GOVERNMENT OFFICIAL AND A CLAIM AGENT TO BE ARRESTED-FRAUD UPON UNSUSPECTING

Dispatches from Washington yesterday announced that the investigation by the Treasury Department into the exaction of heavy fees for the collection of unclaimed interest upon Government bonds would culminate to-day in the arrest of a New-York claim agent and a clerk in the First Auditor's office at Washington. All efforts to obtain the name of this agent last evening were ansuccessful, the officers who are to take him into custody to-day preserving silence on the subject.

A prominent Federal official stated to a TRIBUNE re-

porter that the system under which these claim agents work is not only a fraud upon Treasury, but is a direct robbery of those who held bonds. Many of the bondholders show themselves strangely ignorant of the amount of interest due them from the Government, and frequently dispose of their bonds with the idea that the interest accruing up to the time of the sale belongs to the purchaser. That ignorance and carelessness prevail is attested by the fact that there are now several millions of unclaimed interest in the National Treasury. The claim agent first ascertained the amount of interest due some bondholder, and then offered to collect it for him on a stated commission—usually 50 per cent. This method of collection was legitimate if the agent law fully acquired knowledge of the existence of the unpaid interest. The difficulty of obtaining this information was thought to account for the small number of such agents. To secure the names of the persons to whom the unclaimed interest was due as well as the amount, it was necessary to have a confederate in the Treasury Department, as it is thought was the case in the instance of the New-York claim agent to be arrested to-day, it is said that this agent has collected more than \$50,000 of melalined interest through the assistance of the suspected clerk in the Flist Auditor's selves strangely ignorant of the amount of interest due more than \$50,000 of unclaimed interest through the as-distance of the suspected clerk in the First Auditor

#### WILLIAM KINZEY ARRESTED.

A CHARGE OF DESERTING HIS WIFE MADE. William Kinzey, the well-known Broadway merchant, was arrested yesterday and taken before Judge Bixby, charged with deserting his wife. In recit ing the story of her marriage, John D. Townsend, coun sel for Mrs. Kinzey, said that the plaintiff and defendant had been married over six years, living happily to gether during that time; but two months ago, without warning, he had suddenly left her, giving as a reason that she had another husband living. Until within three weeks he had paid her a weekly stipend of \$20, but had then ecased to do so. Waen albout 16 or 17 years of age the plaintiff was married to a man who left the State 16 years ago, since which time she has received no word from him, and does not know whether he is living or dead. Mr. Townsend said that Mr. Kinzey was well aware of this at the time of his marriage, lie and the plaintiff were wedded by a prominent elergyman of this city in the presence of numerous triends. Under the laws of the State of New-Yerk, Mr. Townsend said that a wife might be lawfully married to a man, provided see had not heard from or of a former husband in five years. Some sharp language passed between the defendant and counsel while the case was in progress, Mr. Townsend receiving the lie direct and threatening to pull Mr. Kinzey's nose.

It was decided that Mr. Kinzey should pay \$60 for the past three weeks, and at the rate of \$20 per week in future. The case was adjourned to a week from next warning, he had suddenly left her, giving as a reason

#### THE QUARANTINE SYSTEM.

ANNUAL REPORT OF THE COMMISSIONERS The annual report of the Commissioners of Quarantine, presented to the Legislature yesterdy, gives a detailed history of New-York Quarantine, including statistics, from the original location of the establishment on Govornor's Island in 1794. The State appropriations were begun in 1857, and have amounted to over \$2,000,000. Last Winter the Commissioners recommended that these appropriations should cease and the department be made self-sustaining by applying the department be made serissistanting of appropriates revenues to the payment of the expenses. Accordingly only \$10,000 was appropriated for Quarantine last year. The appropriations, including construction fund, averaged for the ten proceeding years \$203,000. This \$10,000 has been found sufficient, and there is a balance on hand. Large reductions have been made in the cost to the State of maintaining the artificial islands, Health Officer's residence, and steamboats. The fees for boarding vessels are the same as in 1820, when they were fixed by the Legislature at \$6.50 for foreign and from \$1.50 to \$3 for home vessels. The former are collected at the Custom-house, the latter from the vessels as they are boarded. Funnigation rates were reduced at the commencement of last season. Owing to the generous provisions made by the State, the Commissioners say there need be no apprehension as to the ability of the Quarantine authorities to treat cholera and yellow fever in the future. During last season 99 vessels arrived here having had yellow fever aboard, as compared with 16 in 1875; 39 patients were removed to hospital from these vessels, as compared with 33 in 1875, 12 in 1874, 62 in 1873, and 42 in 1872. revenues to the payment of the expenses. Accordingly

THE CONDEMNED NEWARK MURDERERS. The news that the Senate had sustained the Governor's veto of the bill introduced by Senator Magie in behalf of the condemned murderers, Ryan and

Osenwald, was communicated to the prisoners at a late hour on Monday night. The two men were deeply affected, Ryan for the first time showing great concern Both men flept weil during the night. Yesterday morning Ryan was visited by a young female cousin, the Rev. William Allen calling soon afterward and giving them religious consolation. The prisoners evinced a deep realization of their condition and listened attentively to the exhortations of the clerayman. In a subsequent interview with some friends in the course of the day, the prisoners freely discussed their fate, and expressed the hope that the disgrace of their death would not fall upon their families. They desired that, as they had been true to each other during the trial and since, that they might be buried together. No visitors will be allowed in the jail until Friday. The gallows on which the condemned men are to be hung will be put up this evening. Sheriff Harrison received the death warrant from the Governor yesterday afternoon. Both men flept well during the night. Yesterday morn-

#### LECTURES AND MEETINGS.

The sixth annual meeting of the American Fish Culturists Association will be held to-day and to-morrow, in the library of the Aquarium. Among those expected to be present are the Hon. R. B. Rosseveit, Seth Green of Rochester, Prof. S. F. Baird of the Smithsonian Institution, Prof. Milner and Eugene G. Blackford of the U. S. Fish Commission, T. B. Ferguson, Fish Commissioner for the State of Maryland, Geo. S. Page of the Oquassot Angling Association, and Prof. Richard Mather of the Aquarium.

The members of the New-York District of the The members of the New-York District of the New York M. E. Conference met yesterday morning in the Central M. E. Church at Fourteenth-st. and seventh-ave. Bishop W. L. Harris presided, assisted by the Rev. Dr. Crawterd presiding elder. A sermon was delivered by the Rev. Dr. C. H. Fowler, editor of The Christian Advocate. A long discussion ensued on the rule requiring local preachers and exhorters destring their licenses renewed to either be present m person or to make application by letter. Bishop Harris ruled that it was proper for the conference to require the letter. A committee was appointed to examine candidates for ficenses and for admission to the traveling connection. Dr. Curry urged the brethren to give their support to The National Repository, the new Methodist magazine. The conference continues its work to-day.

The Great practicing of the Atlantic District of the

The first meeting of the Atlantic District of the

#### HOME NEWS.

THERMOMETER TESTERDAY AT HUDNUTS IN 9a m., 22°. Nocr. 25° 3 p. m., 28°. Midnight, 18°. Highest during the day, 28°. Lowest, 18°. Average, 22 b. Same day, 1876, 44 b.°.

PROMINENT ARRIVALA

PROMINENT ARRIVALA.

Fifth Avenue Hotel—Gen. W. T. Sherman, U. S. Army, Col. J. C. Audenried of Gen. Sherman's Staff, Senator John Sherman of Ohio, Rear-Admiral J. R. M. Mullaney, U. S. Nevy; ex-Congressman R. C. Parsons of Ohio, Judge Charles Wheaton of Poughkeepsie, and Postmaster John P. Smyth of Wheaton of Poughkeepsie, and Postmaster John P. Smyth of Wheaton of Poughkeepsie, and Postmaster John P. Smyth of Ower, Letent-Col. Frederick D. Grant, U. S. Army, and F. R. Gowen, President of the Philadelphia and Reading Railroad Company. Alboanarie Hotel—The Hon. William Beach Lawrence of Rhode Island, and Pay Inspector Edward Fostor, U. S. Army. Metropolitian Hotel—Congressional-elect T. J. Quinn of Albany, and Major William B. Slack, U. S. Marine Corps. J. S. Menis Hotel—Bishop W. L. Harris of Cheago, Bishop William H. Hare of Niobrara, and Prof. T. J. Backus of Vasionand Ludge James B. Mc Kean of Salt Lake City. St. Nicholand and Judge James B. Mc Kean of Salt Lake City. St. Nicholand Hotel—William Smyth, Superintendent of the N. Y. I. Nicholand Hotel—William Smyth, Superintendent of the N. Y. I. Nicholand Richard Smillivan of Boston. New York Hotel—Gen. Rutus H. King of Albany. Earle's Hotel—Senator Hamilton of Texas.

NEW-YORK CITY. At Heller's Wonder Theater this afternoon, Mr.

Heller will give his 100th performance. The handsomest valentines are in bon-bon shape; those filled with choice candies no lady can refuse. The ferryboats on both North and East Rivers dis-

played their flags at half must yesterday out of respect to the death of Cyrus P. Smith, ex Mayor, and President of the Union

There is one redeeming feature in the numerous insurance failures. Agents are scarce, and, what is far more surprising, they are actually modest and timid, and do not insist upon talking more than three hours at a stretch. Controller Kelly yesterday drew city warrants for

charitable institutions as follows: Association for Colored Orphans, \$558; Institution of Mercy, \$855.72; Catholic Pro-tect ry, \$20,072.72; Nursery and Child's Hespital, \$8,505.63; Children's Aid Society, \$23,333.33; Society for Prevention of Cruelty to Animals, \$768. Gen. Sherman, Senator John Sherman of Ohio,

Secretary Cameron, and Lieut. Col. Frederick D. Grant arrived in the city yesterday from Washington, and to-day will pay a visit of inspection to the fortifications in the harbor. Lost evening General and Senator Sherman called on ex-President Lerdo of Mexico at the Windsor Hotel. The following is a comparative statement of cases centagious diseases reported for the two weeks ending

Ty- Scar- spinal Diphphood. let. meningitis Measles theria.
6 66 1 4 43
2 61 3 13 48

The suit of Billings against the Mayor, brought as a test suit to decide the right of the Aldermen to \$2,000 a year each as Supervisor's salary from Jan. 1, 1875, has been decided in favor of the city by the Court of Appeals. As there are 22 Aldermen, and this is the third year, the saving is about \$125,000. Geo. F. Comstock argued the case for the plaintiff; D. J. Dean for the city.

The Eric Railway has issued a notice claiming that during the Centennial season, six months closing Nov. 10, 1876, it carried almost 3,000,000 passengers, without a single accident to life or limb or the loss of a piece of baggage and that for a whole year the official records of the United States Post-Office Department show the arrivals of Eric Railway trains in New-York on time to be from 15 to 27 per cent ahead of competing lines.

A report of the Adjutant-General states that in A report of the Adjutant-Gereral state washing-efficiency in rifle practice during the past year the Washing-ton Gray Troop of Cavalry, with a figure of merit of 70.25, and the 12th Regiment of Infantry, with 62.72, lead the Na-tional Guard of this State. The standing of the other New-York and Brooklyn infantry organizations is as follows: 8th 38:7; 22d, 34.25; 71st, 34.16; 7th, 31.99; 14th, 31.81; 23d 31.56; 13th, 30.68; 47th, 29.67; 28th, 27.16; 5th 26.85; 79th, 25.75; 9th, 25.29; 32d, 22.40; 11th, 21.95.

The report of Sanitary Inspector Bernard Hughe regarding the lying-in establishment of Mrs. Worcester, "physician," at No. 149 Charles-st., was presented yesterday ents which justified any proceedings against the place, and ments which are stablishment should be allowed to exist, con-that such an establishment should be allowed to exist, conladed that they could not legally interfere with Mrs. Worces

A handsomely-engrossed memorial from the Board A flamesomerly-engrossed memorial from the Doard of Police to Capt. Murray of the Fourth Precinct was presented yesterday by Gen. Smith in behalf of the board. The captain's successful arrest of the Astoria burglars was duly commemorated in the resolutions. Officer McDowell, who was commenced in an encounter with a burglar on the night of Jan. 8, was given a silver medial and a check for \$1,000 from the trustees of the Riot Relief Fund. Officers Wall, Murphy, and Byrnes were each presented with a festimonial from the board for their bravery in rescuing persons from burning

The Elevated Railway Company expect to complete their road across Eattery Park to South Ferry within ten days. The large forceof men employed have night had all the uprights in position to the terminus of the road, at the intersection of Whitehall-st, and Broadway. The larger portion of the cross pieces have been deposited along the roads, and many of them. Some delay will be occasioned by the difficulty of procuring sufficient cross-beams and rails. The structure commences at a point opposite Greenwich st. and runs along the north-east-

member of the family being at home a servant was sent for an officer, but there being none within sight she applied to Thomas Gethins of No. 239 West Forty sexth-st, who ejected permanent quarters. the intruder. On the sidewalk a confederate of the young man joined him, and the two made an attack upon Mr. Gethins. He was able to defend himself and the two ruffians ran away A short time afterward they returned and kicked in the base ment window. Before they could escape a second time Officers Byrne and Crowley of the Twenty-second Precinct arrested them. At the Yorkville Police Court yesterday the prisoner described themselves as Patrick Fox of No. 446 West Forty exth-st, and Edward Seyle of No. 439 West Thirty-ninth-st They were committed for trial on charges of attempted burglary.

The total amount for arrears of taxes collected by Register Whitney during the week ending Feb. 10 was

Justice Guck yesterday sentenced Wm. Davis of No. 853 Park-ave, to the Penitentiary for two months for cruelly beating his wife,

Thomas Welwood was charged with perjury before United States Commissioner Winslow yesterday by one Schlier, but as the evidence did not criminate Welwood in any way, he was discharged. The water rates for vacant lots for 1877 were yes

terday established by the Board of City Works as follows Lots assessed at \$1,000 and less, 10 cents per foot; lots assessed over \$1,000 and less than \$2,000, 15 cents; lots assessed at President pro tem, French yesterday, in accord-

ance with the direction of the Common Council, appointed the following Committee on Public Lands and Buildings: Aldermen Acker, Williams, Baird, Donovan, and Sterling. On Thursday morning they will consider the question of re-leasing the offices outside of the hall occupied by several heads of de-By a series of resolutions passed by the Board of

Supervisors in February, 1870, the inquest fees of coroners were fixed at \$12.50 for each case. The question has arisen coroners are entitled in the case of the Brooklyn Theater fire nquest to pay for one case only or for 285. By one ruling they will receive \$12.50; by the other, \$3,567.50. The ques will be discussed at the next meeting of the Supervi

The workmen in the coffee warehouses at Martin's Dock were disturbed by a rumor yesterday morning that their wages were to be reduced from 25 cents to 20 cents an hour, and, in their indignation, were preparing to make a "strike" should the report prove to be correct. It was a mistake, how-ever, and after a little commotion the men went to work as usual. The proprietors state that they have no intention to reduce their workmen's wages.

When the striking grain heavers in South Brooklyn concluded to resume work at the reduced rates, they were all received into the warehouses where they had begn accus-tomed to work except those formerly employed by the Hazeltine Brothers, at the foot of Pacific st. This firm met the old workmen on their return with the assertion that they did not want their services, as they were better satisfied with the men they had obtained from New York. This has exasperated th workmen thus deprived of work, and a strong force of police is still required to protect the Hazeltine warehouses. More trouble is anticipated.

The remains of Frederick Hertfelder, the German baker, who was killed by William Abernethy in Williamsburgh on Saturda; , have been interred in the Lutheran Cemetery Abernethy has not yet been found by the police. It is though that as soon as he learns that he will not be held for murder he will give himself up. Although he had provided himself with the murderous kinfe in anticipation of just such an emergency as occurred, it is thought that there will be no difficulty in proving that he acted in self-defense in striking the fatal blow. Hertfelder made the first attack, and continued his assaults, while Abernethy repeatedly attempted to get away and avoid a personal encounter. The knife seemed to be u

The United States frigate Franklin, which arrived at this port from Vigo, Spain, Nov. 23, with William M. Tweed on board as prisoner, will proceed to Norfolk to-day. Since her arrival she has had an almost entire change of repairs will be required before she will be fit for any extended service at sea. Her officers are: Capt. George M. R:nsom, vice at sea. Her officers are: Capt. George M. R:nsom, minanding; Lieut. Commander Francis Morris, Executive

Officer: Lieut. Commander Thomas Nelson, Navigator: Lieuta, R. M. Berry, Uriel Sebree, W. L. Field, and Edward Wood-nan, Watch Officers: Chaplain, J. D. Bengless: Surgeon, E. S. Borgert: Passed Assistant Surgeon, J. W. Ross: Assistant Surgeon, G. E. H. Harman; Chief-Engineer, Henry L. Snyder: Assistant Engineer, F. J. Hoffman; Ensign, W. H. Slack: Major George Eutler and Lieut. J. T. Broadhead, Marine Corns: Boatswais, John McCaffrey: Gunner, E. J. Marine Corps; Boatswals, John McCaffrey; Gunner, E. J. Waugh; Carpenter, Joseph E. Cox; and Sailmaker, A. A. Warren.

A number of prominent citizens of New-York and Brooklyn, including William Cullen Bryant, Erastos Brooks, Chief-Engineer Nevius, Secretary Edward A. Kollmeyer of the Brooklyn Fire Department, and others, paid a visit to the La Bastic Glass Works of South Brooklyn yesterday to witness the manufacture of glassware under a new process pat-ented by M. de la Bastle of Paris in 1875. This process seems to differ from the manufacture of other glassware o ponent parts of material used, as oxide of lead, soda ash, acid ponent parts of material used, as office of lead, sous asn, acid, broken glass, sand, &c. After the ware has passed from the workmen's hands it undergoes an annealing process by being thrown into a bath of tailow. The visitors were conducted through the works and the process of manufacture was explained. They were then conducted into the storeroom, where lamp chimneys, tumblers, plates, globes, &c., were subjected to a test by throwing them carelessly around the floor, driving 15 or 20 feet on a hard floor. One small plate was thrown into the air about 25 feet and allowed to fall upon a brick floor without breaking. Lamp chimneys were placed on lamps and heated, and cold water was sprinkled upon them, but these severe tests did not affect the ware in the least. The works employ about 150 persons, mostly boys and girls, and turn out about 1,000 dozen lamp chimneys daily.

JERSEY CITY.

On Monday evening the Lincoln Association cele-erated the birthday of Abraham Lincoln with a dinner at the Philadelphia hotel, As Lent begins to-day, services will be held in the Episcopal and Roman Catholic churches, as is customary on Ash Wednesiay.

Charles Parkins, age 67, of No. 54 Morris-st., was struck and probably fatally injured by a drill engine, below Warren-st., on the Pennsylvania ralload.

### POSTSCRIPT.

3:45 a. m.

LATEST FOREIGN NEWS.

THE TURCO-SERVIAN CONFLICT.

LONDON, Wednesday, Feb. 14, 1877. Roumanian papers again assert that a treaty has been signed to permit the passage of Russian troops through Roumania.

A GENERAL LEVY IN RUSSIA.

A letter to the Cologne Gazette from South Russia re-ports that the police have been ordered to hasten the general levy, which will defend the country and maintain order, but is not hable to service outside of Russian territory. This is thought to indicate that the Southern army will soon assume the offensive. GEN. IGNATIEFF'S INSTRUCTIONS.

The Times's correspondent at Paris summarizes the instructions given to the various foreign delegates to the Conference. Gen. Ignatieff, he says, was instructed to press three points, viz.: the occupation of Bulgaria by a

press three points, viz.: the occupation of Balgaria by a Russian force, the autonomy of the Christian provinces, and the disarmament of the Mohammedans therein. He had the widest discretionary powers, being even authorized to order an advance of the Russian army.

The following telegram was sent to Ignatieff on his "name deg,": "The General of the Army of the Son had the Generals under his orders and His imperial Mighesty's troops address the sincerest congratulations to Gen. Ignatieff on the occasion of his fete, and impariently await his order to begin their march." The foregoing was not in cipher, and was consequently known to the Porte.

de Chaudordy and Burgoing, the French represent-MM. de Chaudordy and Burgoing, the French representatives, were instructed not to agree to the occupation of Buigaria by any regular ariny, to concur with any design intended to prevent or modify an occupation so as to render it inoffensive, to try to prevent any rupture betweed Russia and England, to maintain constant accord with all the neutral Powers, and to agree to no proposal which would conflict with the will of Germany. The instructions of Count Corti, the Italian delegate, were almost identical with those to the French delegates. Count Zichy, the Ausarian Embassador, was instructed to refuse any proposal for occupation by Austria, in order to be able to oppose Russian occupation; to join the neutral powers in any proposal designed to prevent war, and to sound Baron von Werther's decisions as far as possible.

Earon von Werther, the German Embassador, was directed to associate himself with Russia and Austria it ail questions on which they agreed. The above are the open as distinguished from the secret instructions to the

> For other Foreign News sec First Page. SPEECH BY GOV. HAYES.

THE CARE OF NAMELESS CHILDREN A PLEVENTIVE

OF PAUPERISM AND CRIME. CINCINNATI, Ohio, Feb. 13.-Gov. Hayes preided to-night at the twelfth annual anniversary of the Children's Home in this city, and made a brief but earnest appeal to those present to subscribe to a fund of \$50,000 needed to place the institution upon a firm foundation. He stated the object of the Children's Home, and said that he had nothing to add to dence and the encouragement of every Christian man and woman. He would, however, offer a suggest and the south Ferry-house.

A young man effected an entrance to the residence of James B. Brady, at Forty-sixth st. and Secondave, on Monday afterneous by opening the basement door with a ekcleton key, and was discovered on the parior floor by a servant. When ordered to leave the house he refused to go. No male member of the family being at home a servant was sent for no effect, but there being none within the south was sent for no effect, but there being none within the south a servant was sent for no effect, but there being none within the south and the encouragement of every Christian man and woman. He would, however, offer a suggest in the country are engaged in devising the best means to reform criminals, remedy pauperism, and get rid of tramps. The Children's Home goes to the fountain-head of these evils, for it must be clear that the tramp, the pupper, and the criminal of to-day was, fifteen years or so ago, a homeless, friendless child, so that the objects of this home being well carried out must go a great ways to reform the great social evils allued to.

Actrued Intereston Investments.

Accause pircs, \$2.541,735. it except to commend it as altogether worthy of conti-

THE INDIAN CAMPAIGN.

REPORTED SKIRMISH BETWEEN CRAZY HORSE'S BAND

AND UNITED STATES INFANTRY. CHEYENNE, Wy., Feb. 13 .- A Red Cloud Agency special to The Chegenne Sun, says Red Sack, an

Indian runner from Crazy Horse village, brings particulars of a fight which occurred near there about Jan. 3. This runner has been closely questioned by different parties, but adheres strictly to the following, which he old yesterday to Gen. Crook and other officers: About a month ago the main body of hostiles, consist-

About a month ago the main body of hostiles, consisting of 800 lodges, was encamped on Tongue River, near the mouth of Hanging Woman's Creek. A small band of Cheyennes were encamped further down, and about Jan. 3 they discovered some 350 infantry advancing from the direction of the Yellowstone. A skirmish ensied, the Indians retreating to the main village. The small squad of savages gave the alarm, and a large force of the Crazy Horse warriors advanced 18 miles down Tongne River to meet the soldiers. A few Indians were thrown forward as a decoy, while the remainder arranged themselves along the enfont to amoush the advancing troops. According to Red Sack, however, the Indian skirmishers were not followed into the trap, and after a desultory fire of three or four hours the military returned northward by the same route by which it had advanced. The Indians had three men hadly wounded, two of whom died. The village has since moved westward to the headwater of the Rose Bud.

WESTCHESTERS COUNTY'S POOR-HOUSE KEEPER. The Committee of the Board of Supervisors f Westchester County which has been investigating charges of cruelty and misappropriation of property, preferred against W. H. Hammond, keeper of the County Alms-bouse, made its report yesterday. After examining 78 witnesses, the committee fail to discover any criminal act on the part of Mr. Hammond. The report suggests, however, that he should be probiblited from keeping poultry or engaging in any other business on his own account and should devete his whole time to the

An Oregon boy, who got to school the other day a few minutes before the master and his fellows, declared a vacancy, and cast the whole vote of the school in favor of a holiday.

As a reliable remedy for coughs and colds, use PORTER'S BALSAM. Price, 25, 50, and 75 cents. CONSUMPTION CAN BE CURED.

A POSITIVE, RADICAL, AND UNDOUBTED

CURE FOR CONSUMPTION.

WINCHESTER'S HYPOPHOSPHITE OF LIME AND SODA will promptly and radically cure Consumption, and absolutely prevent its development in all cases of predisposition attack. For CHRONIC BRONCHITIS, GEN. ERAL DEBILITY, LOSS OF VIGOR and APPETITE, DYSPEPSIA or INDIGESTION, and all diseases arising from POVERTY OF THE BLOOD, WINCHESTER'S HYPOPHOSPHITE OF LIME AND SODA IS A SPE-CIFIC, being unequaled as a VITALIZING TONIC and BRAIN, NERVE and BLOOD FOOD. Prices \$1 and \$2 per bottle. Prepared only by WINCHESTER & Co., Chemista

TATIONS and ADULTERATIONS. Inquire for and use only WINCHESTEE'S preparation, established 18 years, and whose purity and excellence is universally acknowledged. STRICTURE, Impotence, and Diseases of the Senerative organs radically and speedily cured, office hours 8 to 3. HENRYA. DANIELS, M.D., 146 Lexington av.

# The Atlantic & Pacific Telegraph Company,

145 BROADWAY,

New-York, February 12th, 1877.

## CIRCULAR.

An exclusive arrangement, taking effect to-day, has been made with the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company for the us of its wires, and for an exchange of public telegraph business with all the offices on the lines of that Railroad, in connection wind the system of the Atlantic and Pacific Telegraph Company, instead of the Western Union Company as heretofore.

NEARLY ALL THE PLACES NAMED BELOW WILL NOW BE REACHED ONLY BY THE LINES OF TRIS

wire, heretofore included in the reports of the Western Union Company as the 7th District, Southern Division) will from date constitute the BALTIMORE AND OHIO DIVISION OF THE ATLANTIC AND PACIFIC TELEGRAPH CO PANY. Robert Stewart, General Superintendent, Baltimore, Md., to whom all reports and remittances will be made emittances will be made.

Rowlesburgh, W. Va.

Sandy Hook, Md.

Selem, W. Va.

Sar Joine Rim, W. Va.

Syleswille, Md.

Spencert, O.

Shelby, O.

Shelby, O.

Stresburg, Va.

Sandusk: Depot, Cr. Sandusky.

Sources, Va.

Sandusk: Depot, Cr. Sandusky.

Silver Serine, Md.

Sha user, O.

Summit, Licking Co., O.

Summit, Point, W. Va.

Summit Point, W. Va.

Summit Point, W. Va.

Thoraport, O.

Thoraport, O.

Unica, Licking Co., O.

Columbus Depot, O., Ck. Colum's. Keedysville, Md.
Cromwel, Ind.
Doe Gully, W. Va.
Deer Park, Md. (Summer office).
Deshler, Ohio.
Deshler, Ohi Adamstewn, Md. Attanont, Md.
Attica, Ocio.
Alida, Ind.
Albion, Ind.
Auburn Junction, Ind.
Avilla, Ind.
Burkhannon, W. Va.
Berkeley Springs, W. Va. (SumBelmont, Ohio.
Barnesville, Ohio.
Barnesville, Ohio.
Black Hana, Ohio. Barnesville, Ohio,
Black Hana, Ohio,
Black Hana, Ohio,
Belleville, Ohio,
Belleville, Ohio,
Belleville, Ohio,
Baitmore Junction, Ill,
Bremen, Ind.
Boyd's, Md.
Bloomdale, Ohio,
Broadway, Va.
Chicago Junction, Ohio,
Cairo, W. Va.
Cameron, W. Va.
Central Station, Dodd Co.W.Va.
Clarksburg, W. Va. Gairiett, Ind. Gaithersburg, Md. Harper's Ferry, W. Va. Hagerstown, Md. Holgate, O.

New-Raltimore, O.
Oakland, Md. (Summe
Parkersburz, W. Va.
Paw Paw, W. Va.
Pistmont, W. Va.
Pletmouth, W. Va.
Plensboro, W. Va.
Pataskala, O.
Quake, Gity, O.
Rocaville, Md. Weverton, Md.
Wheeling Depot, W. Va.
Walkerton, Ind.
Wash'n June., Md. (Point of
Winchester, Va.
Kanesville, O.
Kanesville, O. esville, O. cs. Var. Ck. Zar. All the above named offices will check direct, except where otherwise indicated,

ion, Licking Co., O., ion Mills, Ind.

The following named offices on the Marietta and Cincinnati Division will be added about May 1, when the contract I tween the Railroad Company and the Western Union Telegraph Company affecting that ion will expire; Big Run, O. Vincents, O. Marietia, O. Jackson, O. Oak Hill, O. Webster, O. Sciotoville, O. Portamouth, O.

Cincinnati Passenger Depot, O. Hillsboro, O. Cincinnati Freight Depot, O. Martinsvile, O. Land C. Junction, O. Stock Yards, O. Commingstile, 11. Mineral City, O.
Athens, O.
Athens Depot, O.
Cansanville, O.
Guysville, O.
Stewarts, O.
Couldeld, O. Martinsville, O. Vie na, O. Vie na, O. Greenfield, O. Grankford, O. Chilleothe Depot, O. Londondetry, O. Hamden, O. Zaliski, O.

An arrangement has also been made with the Pennsylvania Railroad Company for an exchange of public telegraph busi with the following named offices (all in Pennsylvaum) on the Main Stem (Philadelphia to Pittsburgh) and various Branches cluding the Philadelphia and Eric Railroad (Harrisburg to Eric).

Adamsburg. Aqueduct, Allegheny Junction, Apollo, Deinbridge, Blairsville, Blairsville Intersection. Brinton,

Henrietta,
Highspire,
Holldaysburg,
Hartingdon,
Irwinet n,
J. hasonburg, Kane, Keating, Kittanning Point, Kittanning Point, Laudisville, Latrobe, Lewistown, Lock Haven, Luck Haven, Luckow, Millersburg, Millersburg, Montandon, Montandon, Montandon,

Clarksburg, W. Va.
Cornwallis, W. Va.
Cranberry Sammit, W. Va.
Cherry Kun, Md.
Cambridge, Ohio,
Cambridge, Ohio,
Cambridge, Ohio,
Charlestown.

Hove's Corners, O.
Harrisonburg, Va.
Indesendence, O.
Keyser, W. Va.
Charlestown.

Kirkersville, O.
Kingston, Ill.

Natrona, Northumberland, New-Florence, Newton Hamilton, Newton Hamilto Painter, Penu, Pomeroy, Roaring Spring, Rockville, Rathbun, Renova, Round Island,

McClure, McKees, Martinsburg, Middleburg.

The above named offices will check direct, and will send reports by mail to D. H. Bates, General Superintendent, A. D., 145 Broadway, New-York, and remittances by Post-Office, Money Order, or Express, as may be cheaper, to E. T. Macka same address.

ote for general information, Sections 1, 2, 3, and 4, shown on the map circular issued by this Company December 1st, last,

THOS. T. ECKERT, President.

# Insurance Co. of New-York.

DECEMBER 31ST, 1876.

\$31,197 05 Bonds and Mortgages (on properties valued at present reduced prices, \$2.641,736) 1,258,440 02
Cash in Bank and Office 121,057 85 Loans on Policies (wholly and respectively 410,799 19 U. S. 6s, registered. \$125,000 00 \$141,875 00 Rochester 7s...... 37,000 00 Buffaio 7s...... 30,000 00 Virginia 6s, "old".......

\$470,000 00 \$539,875 00 539,875 00 Loans on Call (secured by U. S. and other stocks). 19,700 00 Ledger Balances..... LIABILITIES.

... \$2,137,145 00 Reserve on all Policies (& 4 5 per cent). Unpaid losses not due, or in process of adjust-Unpaid endowments not due or in process of ad-39,000 00 Premiums paid in advance, and other liabilities.

49.961.551.80 Liabilities as to Policy Holders .... Surplus to Policy Holders, 8220,846 84.

Extract from the Minutes of the Finance Committee, under schoos supervision the investments of this Company are made; "We, the members of the Finance Committee of the Brooklyn Life Insurance Company, hereby certify that we have on this, the 25th day of January, 1877, at the Annual Meeting of the Finance committee, examined the beeds, Bonds, Bends and Mortgages, Sconities and Baak Certificates of Deposit submitted by the President and belonging to the Touchard Certify that the said Deeds, Bonds, Bonds and Mortgages, Scentifies and Bank Certificates of Deposit after the function of the Company, and the FULL PROPERTY THEREOF PREE OF INCHIBANCE, (Signed)

(Signe

FACTS worthy of notice in connection with the above Statement,

1st—The Assets are stated at prices actually prevailing at
present—in fact, at hard pan.

2d—The properties securing the Loans on Bond and Mortcage
have been reappraised within the last 60 days, and the
loans thereon do not average 50 per cent of said appraisement.

3d—The ungaid Premiums only amount to \$14,822; and they
have been reduced to the basis required by the Insurance Department of New-York State.

4th—The Brooklyn Life has \$109 to pay each and every \$100

of its liabilities.

CHRISTIAN W. BOUCK, President. WILLIAM M. COLE, Secretary.

# ACCIDENT TICKETS \$12,000 for \$3 45!

ons kitled at Ashtabula held insurance tickets for \$3.000 each in the RAILWAY PASSENGERS ASSURANCE CO. ot Hartford, Conn.

TICKETS FOR SALE AT ALL PRINCIPAL RAIL-ROADS AND INSURANCE OFFICES. JAMES G. BATTEUSON,
President.

CHARLES E. WILLARD,
Secretary.

ANTIQUE PERSIAN, DAGHISTAN, AND MOORISH RUCS.

CARPETS. F. B. NICHOLS,

# BROOKLYN LIFE HAZELTON PIANO TRIUM PHANT

Excelsior! AT THE GREAT INTERNA-OFFICIAL.

Grand, Square, and Opright PIANO-FORTES

HAZELTON BROTHERS, And unanimously recommend for the same the Highest Award, for the following reasons, vis:

ELASTIC TOUCH! SINGING QUALITY! DELICACY AND POWER OF TONR!
WITH HIGHEST EXCELLENCE OF WORKMANSHIP.
The above embrace all the qualities of a first-class Plano-Ports.

Reports Signed by all the Judges. Warerooms: 34 and 36 University-place.

# THE SPENCERIAN DOUBLE ELASTIC

Of superior European manufacture, and celebra DURABILITY. EVENNESS OF POINT,

And the favorite of BANKERS, MERCHANTS, ACCOUNTANTS, BOOKKEEPERS, GOVERNMENT OFFICIALS, CORRESPONDENTS,

EDITORS, In FIFTEEN numbers, comprising varieties suitable to all styles of writing. For the convenience of those who may wish to try these pens, we will send a SAMPLE CARD, containing each of the fifteen numbers, on receipt of TWENTY-FIVE

IVISON, BLAKEMAN, TAYLOR & Co., NOS. 138 AND 140 GRAND-ST., NEW-YORK.

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**Greatly Reduced Prices.** 

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ONLY A FEW LEFT. AND TO LET AT LOW RATES,

THE TRIBUNE BUILDING. CENTRAL SITUATION,

GOOD ELEVATORS, running till after mid PERFECT LIGHT. BUILDING ABSOLUTELY FIRE PROOF. STEAM HEAT FREE.

A LARGE ROOM SUITABLE FOR A BANK OR IM-SURANCE COMPANY. One corner Room, on the first floor, beautifully freed and specially desirable for a lawyer's office.

THIBUNE COUNTING ROOM.